Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

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Independent Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements

To the Board of Directors Lifewater, Inc. d.b.a. Lifewater International San Luis Obispo, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Lifewater, Inc. d.b.a. Lifewater International ("the Organization"), a non-profit organization, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2019, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Independent Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements - Continued

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Lifewater, Inc. d.b.a. Lifewater International, as of December 31, 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for year ended December 31, 2019 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Caliber Audit & Htest, LLP

San Luis Obispo, California August 12, 2020

805 Aerovista PI, Ste 103, San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 Phone: (805) 888-0200 Fax: (805) 888-0201

Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2019

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,210,262
Short-term investments	2,503
Foreign exchange contracts receivable	32,604
Contributions receivable, net of allowance	592,352
Prepaid expenses and deposits	73,944
Inventory	32,944
Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation	 740,153
Total assets	\$ 2,684,762
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Accounts payable	\$ 85,484
Accrued expenses	 157,347
Total liabilities	 242,831
Commitments and Contingencies	
Net Assets	
Without donor restrictions	1,879,689
With donor restrictions:	
Purpose restrictions	 562,242
Total net assets	 2,441,931
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,684,762

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Without Donor <u>Restrictions</u>	With Donor <u>Restrictions</u>	<u>Total</u>
Support and Revenue:			
Contributions	\$ 5,240,656	\$ 562,242	\$ 5,802,898
Special events, including contributions,			
net of direct expenses of \$38,713	773,683	-	773,683
In-kind contributions	170,156	-	170,156
Other income	6,498		6,498
Total support and revenue	6,190,993	562,242	6,753,235
Net assets released from restrictions	819,362	(819,362)	
Total support and revenues	7,010,355	(257,120)	6,753,235
Functional Expenses:			
Program services	5,289,983	-	5,289,983
Management and general	440,001	-	440,001
Fundraising and development	705,738	-	705,738
Total functional expenses	6,435,722		6,435,722
Change in net assets	574,633	(257,120)	317,513
Net assets - beginning of year	1,305,056	819,362	2,124,418
Net assets - end of year	\$ 1,879,689	\$ 562,242	\$ 2,441,931

Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Program Services	Management & General	Fundraising & Development	Total
Personnel costs:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 2,232,543	\$ 222,065	\$ 344,169	\$ 2,798,777
Retirement plan contributions	70,316	6,313	9,163	85,792
Employee benefits - other	204,497	10,252	4,049	218,798
Payroll taxes	178,520	18,163	28,675	225,358
Payroll service fees	-	3,249	-	3,249
Total personnel costs	2,685,876	260,042	386,056	3,331,974
Partnership grants	24,416	-	-	24,416
Professional and outside services	110,345	48,174	7,482	166,001
Marketing and promotion	-	3,758	94,878	98,636
Donated goods and services	68,072	27,456	74,628	170,156
Information technology	160,674	10,620	12,934	184,228
Office occupancy	148,309	10,140	2,633	161,082
Office operations	103,672	6,426	6,438	116,536
Travel and meetings expense	106,934	18,793	17,406	143,133
Program management/field travel	232,508	-	-	232,508
Water source construction	704,353	-	-	704,353
Latrine construction	191,555	-	-	191,555
WASH trainings	493,338	-	-	493,338
Monitoring and evaluation	23,346	-	-	23,346
Insurance	37,863	1,015	442	39,320
Gain/loss on foreign currency exchange	(25,957)	-	-	(25,957)
Depreciation	230,233	13,030	5,665	248,928
Donation processing fees	-	-	45,373	45,373
Other expenses	(5,554)	40,547	51,803	86,796
Total non-personnel costs	2,604,107	179,959	319,682	3,103,748
Total functional expenses	\$ 5,289,983	\$ 440,001	\$ 705,738	\$ 6,435,722

Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Change in net assets	\$ 317,513
Adjustments to reconcile the change in net assets to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	248,928
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Foreign exchange contracts receivable	(32,604)
Contributions receivable, net	86,730
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(19,700)
Inventory	(7,842)
Accounts payable	15,755
Accrued expenses	 27,295
Net cash provided by operating activities	 636,075
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Sales of short-term investments	125,177
Purchases of property and equipment	 (524,670)
Net cash used in investing activities	(399,493)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	236,582
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 973,680
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,210,262

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations:

Lifewater, Inc. d.b.a. Lifewater International (the Organization or Lifewater), a California non-profit organization, is a Christian community development organization dedicated to effectively serving vulnerable children and families by partnering with underserved communities to overcome water poverty. With experience in more than 40 countries since 1977, Lifewater serves all people by providing them with contextually appropriate water access, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) interventions.

Lifewater is funded primarily by individual and organizational donors.

Basis of accounting:

The financial statements are presented on an accrual basis, which recognizes income when performance obligations are met, and expenses when incurred.

Financial statement presentation and net assets:

To ensure the observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources, the accounts of the Organization are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. The Organization has presented its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for not-for profit organizations. Under this guidance, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: without donor restrictions or with donor restrictions.

The Organization reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions: Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions: Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions can be perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. Gifts of long-lived assets and gifts of cash restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets are recognized as revenue when the assets are placed in service.

Notes to Financial Statements

The Organization reports contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions expire (that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished) in the reporting period in which the revenue is recognized. All other donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the nature of the restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Support and revenue:

All support and revenue is considered to be available for use without donor restriction unless specifically restricted by the donor or the terms of a grant. Revenue from public support including contributions from individuals, foundations, and business entities is recognized at the time an unconditional promise to give or transfer of assets is made. Revenues from program fees are recognized over the terms of the program and the period of service provided, if any.

Donated services and assets:

The Organization records the value of donated goods and services when there is an objective basis available to measure their fair market value. Donated services are recognized as contributions if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by people with these skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization.

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the Organization recorded \$170,156 of donated goods and services.

Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair value measurements:

The Fair Value Measurements topic of the FASB *ASC*, establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.

Notes to Financial Statements

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or by other means.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The donated services and assets recorded by the Organization have been recorded at fair values, based on management's estimate of fair value on a non-recurring basis from comparisons of similar assets or services or from the value as provided by the donor. This is considered Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The preceding method described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain donated services, assets and use of facilities could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

Cash and cash equivalents:

The Organization considers cash equivalents to be highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

The Organization maintains its cash balances in financial institutions in the United States and abroad. The balances at the institutions in the United States are generally insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000. In February 2019, the Organization began using an Insured Cash Sweep (ICS) account with its primary operating bank account that ensures that any balances greater than \$250,000 are also insured by the FDIC. Balances in foreign banks are held in large reputable banks in the local country and are maintained at a minimum balance to mitigate the risk of bank failure.

Contributions receivable:

Contributions receivables are recognized at fair market value as revenues in the period in which there is sufficient evidence in the form of verifiable documentation that an unconditional gift was received. Conditional gifts are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at their net realizable value. Unconditional

Notes to Financial Statements

promises to give that are expected to be collected over periods in excess of one year are recorded at the present value of estimated cash flows beyond one year. Amortization of the discount is included in contribution revenue, if applicable. The allowance for uncollectible amounts is estimated based upon historical collection rates and specific identification of uncollectible amounts, if necessary.

Inventory:

Inventory mainly consists of promotional supplies and equipment parts. Inventory is carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value, determined using average cost.

Property and equipment:

Purchased property and equipment are recorded at cost and donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Assets are depreciated over estimated useful lives on a straight line basis, once placed into service. Expenditures that significantly increase asset values or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon retirement, sale or other disposition of property and equipment, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and gains or losses are included on the statement of activities. Repairs and maintenance and small equipment purchases are expensed as incurred.

Assets in the international field countries are expensed as the cost is incurred if they are purchased duty free, since the Organization has no ultimate legal control of the assets since the assets are imported duty-free and/or are subject to project agreements for their utilization. Assets in the international field countries are capitalized if taxes are paid and the Organization has legal authority of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Furniture and fixtures	5
Machinery and equipment	3 - 10
Field vehicles	5
Software and website	3 - 5
Fundraising platform	3

Capitalized software:

The Organization capitalizes software purchased from third parties as part of property and equipment. Internally developed software costs for internal-use are capitalized during the application development stage.

Income tax status:

The Organization's activities are generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 23701(d) of the California Franchise Tax Code. Since the Organization is exempt from federal and state income tax liability, no provision is made for current or deferred income tax expense. The Organization is not a private foundation. Management is not aware of any transactions that would impact the Organization's tax-exempt status.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2019, management of the Organization is not aware of any material uncertain tax positions to be accounted for in the financial statements under the principles of the *Income Taxes* topic of the FASB (*ASC*). The Organization recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense.

All tax exempt entities are subject to review and audit by federal, state and other applicable agencies. Such agencies may review the taxability of unrelated business income, or the qualification of the tax-exempt entity under the Internal Revenue Code and applicable state statutes.

Functional expense allocations:

Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or supporting service are charged directly to the program or supporting service. Expenses which apply to more than one functional category have been allocated based on estimates made by management.

Advertising:

The Organization expenses advertising costs as incurred. Marketing and promotion expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$98,636.

Foreign currency:

The functional currency of the foreign operations is the US dollar. Transaction gains or losses from foreign exchange transactions are included in net income. Although the effect is not determinable, changes in the exchange rate subsequent to year-end could have an effect on unsettled foreign currency transactions.

Recent accounting pronouncements:

The FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. This new standard amends a number of aspects of lease accounting, including requiring lessees to recognize operating leases with a term greater than one year on their balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability, measured at the present value of the lease payments. The new standard is effective for private companies for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, which means it will be effective for the Organization for the year beginning January 1, 2022. Early adoption is permitted. The new standard is required to be adopted using a modified retrospective approach. Management will be evaluating the potential impact of the new guidance and is currently uncertain what impact the pronouncement will have on the financial statements, if any.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheet date, comprise the following:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,210,262
Short-term investments	2,503
Contributions receivable	562,547
Other receivables	54,756
	\$ 1,830,068

The Organization's liquidity management plan is designed to cover operating expenses and cash flow needs.

Note 3. Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Contributions receivable - current	\$ 562,547
Other receivables - current	 54,756
Total contributions receivable	 617,303
Less allowance for litigation receivable	(24,951)
Total contributions receivable, net	\$ 592,352

Contributions receivable as of December 31, 2019, are collectible as follows:

Within one year	\$ 617,303
One to five years	 -
	617,303
Less allowance for litigation receivable	(24,951)
	\$ 592,352

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4. Property and Equipment

Major classes of property and equipment and accumulated depreciation are as follows at December 31, 2019:

Furniture and fixtures	\$ 37,359
Machinery and equipment	163,673
Field vehicles	171,636
Software and website	62,266
Fundraising platform	 614,377
	 1,049,311
Less accumulated depreciation	(309,158)
Total property and equipment	\$ 740,153

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2019 was \$248,928.

Note 5. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following at December 31, 2019:

Accrued payroll	\$ 73,826
Accrued employee benefits	4,476
Accrued paid leave	40,692
Accrued payroll taxes	11,756
Accrued expenses - other	34
Credit cards payable	26,563
Total accrued expenses	\$ 157,347

Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases:

The Organization enters into lease agreements in the countries of operation. The lease payment terms vary and enforceability also varies by country and region. As the payments for leases in foreign countries are not material to the overall financial statements, the payments are recorded on a cash basis, in general, and no future payout schedule is provided even though there is possible future commitment.

The Organization had a lease for the corporate headquarters office building location which commenced on June 10, 2014. The monthly base rent was \$6,000. This lease expired on August 31, 2019.

The Organization entered into a new lease agreement for the corporate headquarters office building location which commenced on September 1, 2019 and expires on August 31, 2022. There are two three year options to extend this lease. The monthly base rent is \$8,700

Notes to Financial Statements

which will increase each year based on a fixed amount. The future minimum lease payments under this lease is as follows:

Years Ending	
<u>December 31,</u>	
2020	\$ 105,343
2021	108,169
2022	 73,367
	\$ 286,879

In February 2020, the Organization entered into a new lease for another office in Bentonville, Arkansas. The lease commenced on March 20, 2020 and expires on March 20, 2023. The monthly base rent is \$2,600.

Note 7. Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

As of December 31, 2019, net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes or periods:

Subject to expenditure for specified purpose:	
Drill rig for Ethiopia programs	\$ 289,804
Tanzania programs	111,040
Donor relations growth & expansion	156,736
Healthy churches program launch	 4,662
	\$ 562,242

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purpose or by occurrence of the passage of time or other events specified by the donors as follows for the year ended December 31, 2019:

Contributions receivable - time restricted	\$ 38,805
Satisfaction of purpose restrictions:	
Ethiopia programs	120,202
Uganda programs	177,121
Tanzania programs	16,144
Capacity building	13,294
Healthy schools	47,550
Software and website development	 406,246
	\$ 819,362

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Related Parties

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Organization held funds in accounts at a bank where the Audit Committee Chair is an executive. For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Organization receives donations from board of director members, who are considered related parties.

Note 9. Retirement Plan

The Organization maintains a Simple IRA plan for its eligible employees in the United States. Employer contributions are made equal to employee's salary reduction contributions up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation for the calendar year. The Organization also makes retirement contributions as required by the governments of the countries in the respective field offices. Employer retirement plan contributions totaled \$85,792 for the year ended December 31, 2019.

Note 10. Subsequent Events

In February 2020, the Organization obtained a revolving line of credit allowing for borrowings up to \$250,000. The interest rate on the line of credit is set at an initial rate of 4.75%. The line of credit expires February 2021.

Subsequent to year-end, the COVID-19 coronavirus outbreak in the United States and related shelter in place directives have resulted in operational challenges and travel restrictions. The extent of the impact has not been determined; however, management will be closely monitoring the results and will take actions necessary to, as much as possible, mitigate the impact on the Organization's operations. In addition, the Organization received a \$392,750 loan under the Paycheck Protection Program of the CARES Act to manage cash flows and meet expenditures as they come due.

The date to which events occurring after December 31, 2019 have been evaluated for possible adjustment to the financial statements or disclosure is August 12, 2020, which is the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.